

# Compact lattice U(1) and Seiberg-Witten duality: a quantitative comparison

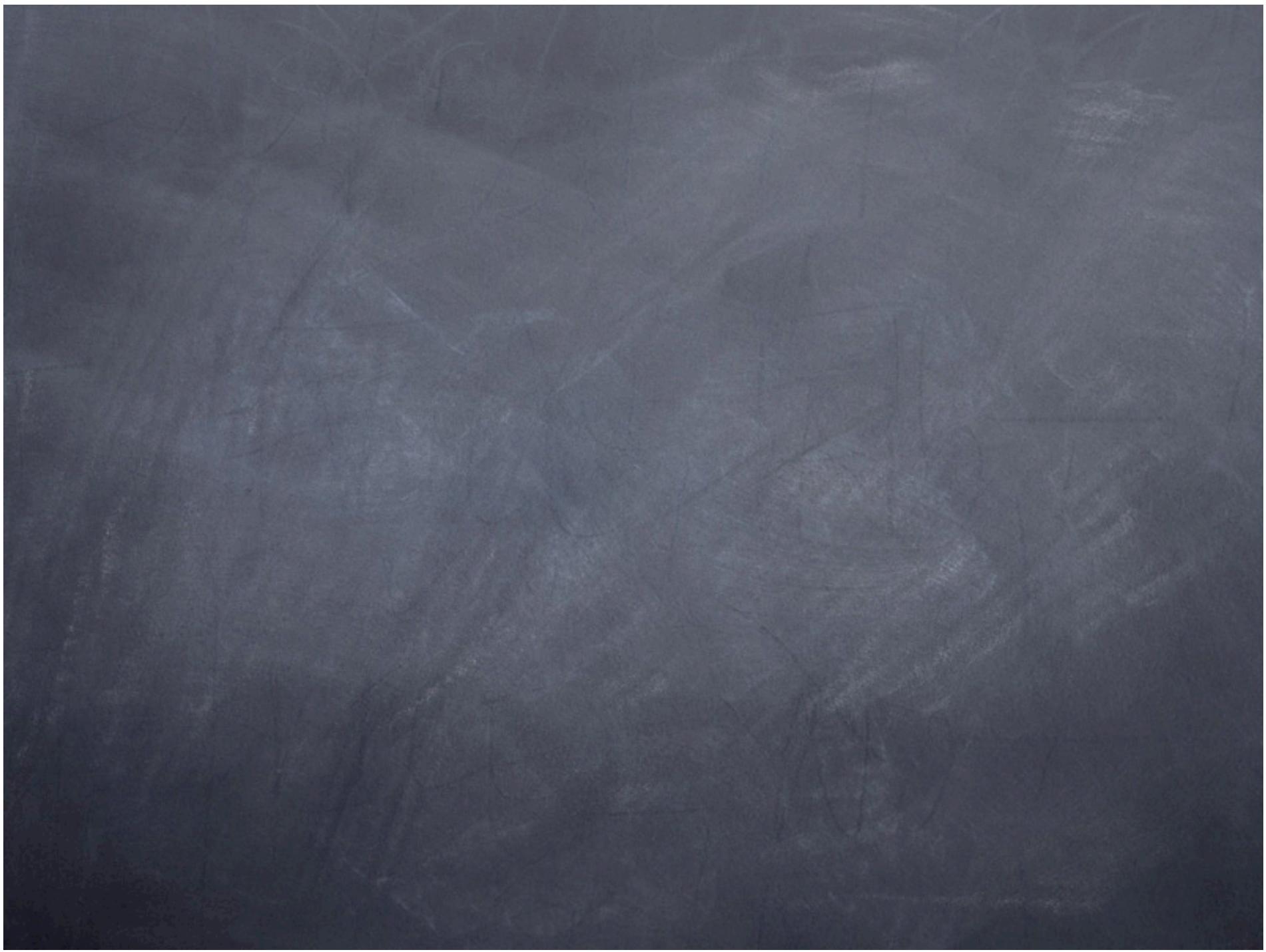
Luca Tagliacozzo

dep. E.C.M. Universidad de Barcelona

based on:

Espriu,Tagliacozzo Phys.Lett. B557 (2003) 125-133

Espriu,Tagliacozzo Phys.Lett. B602 (2004) 137-143



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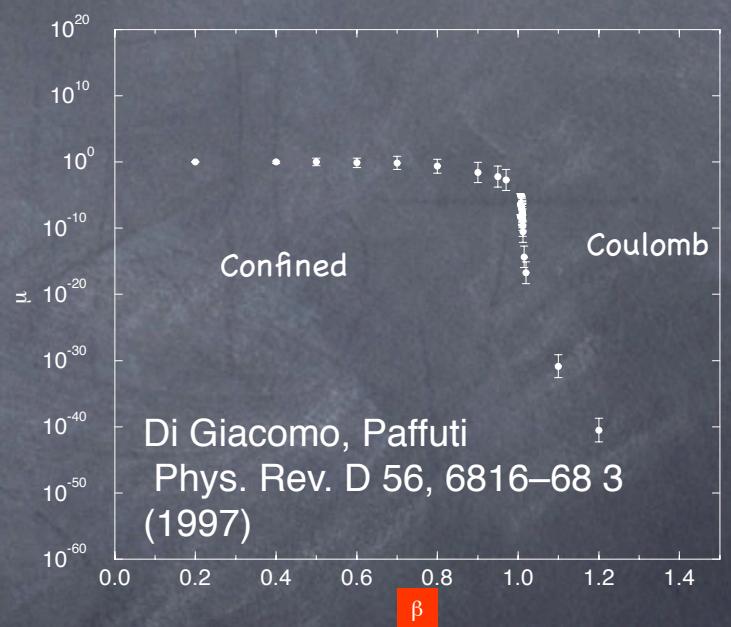
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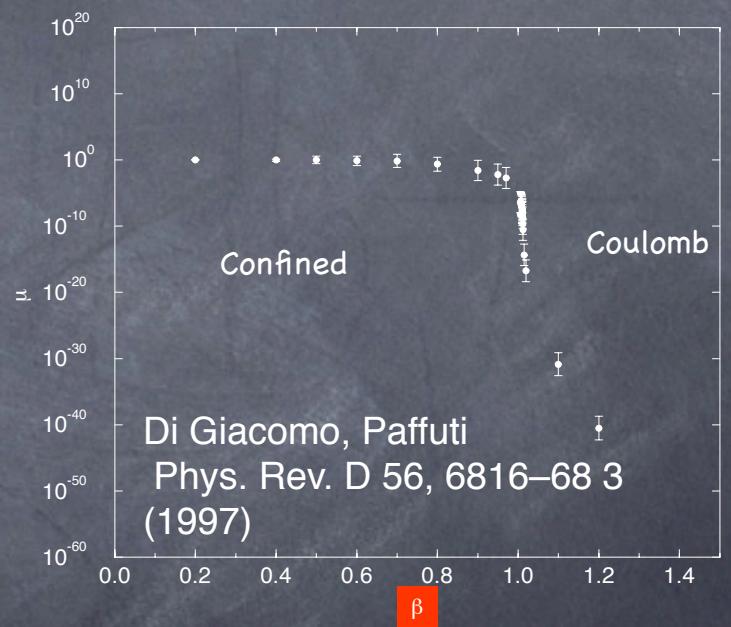
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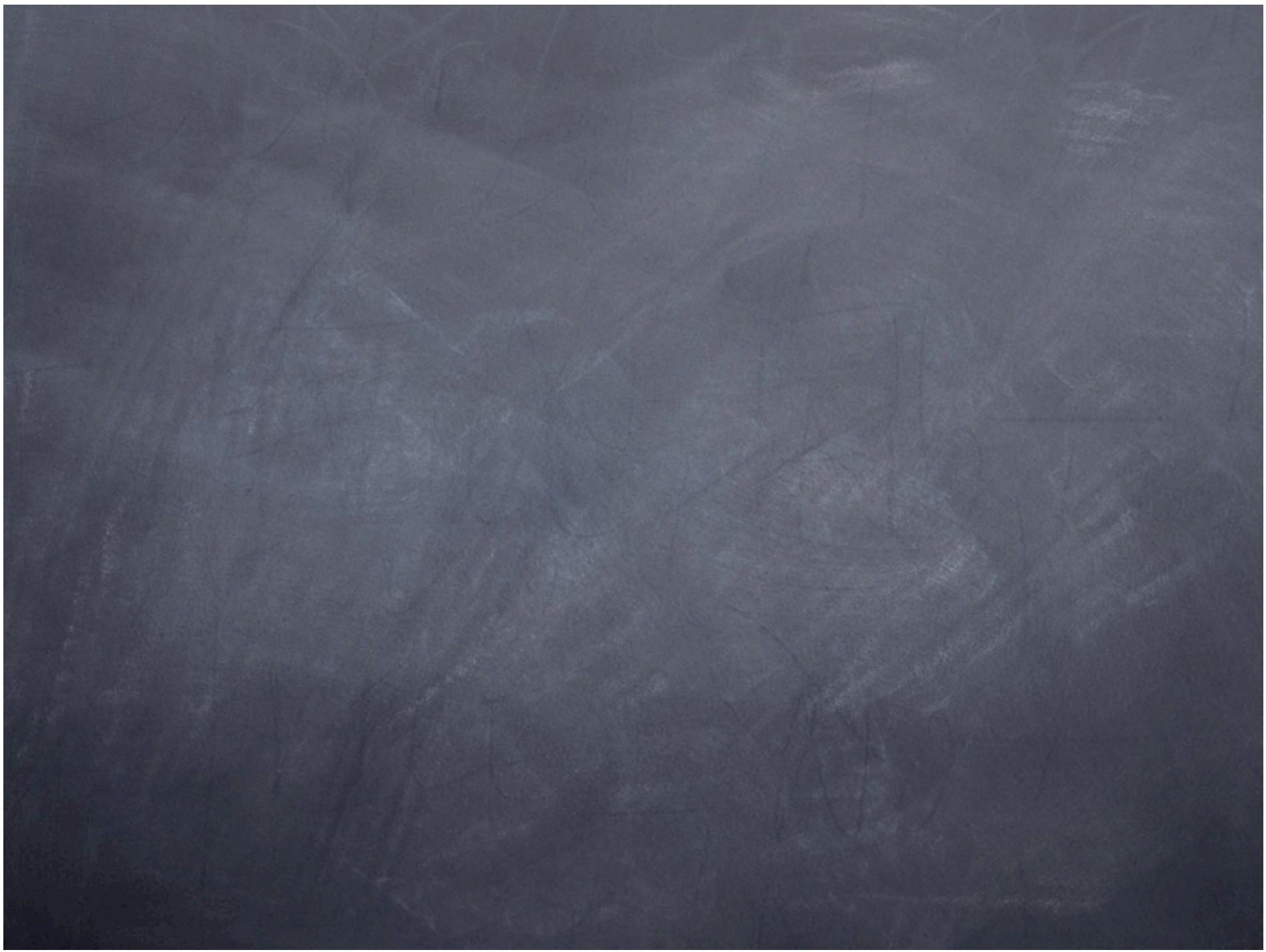
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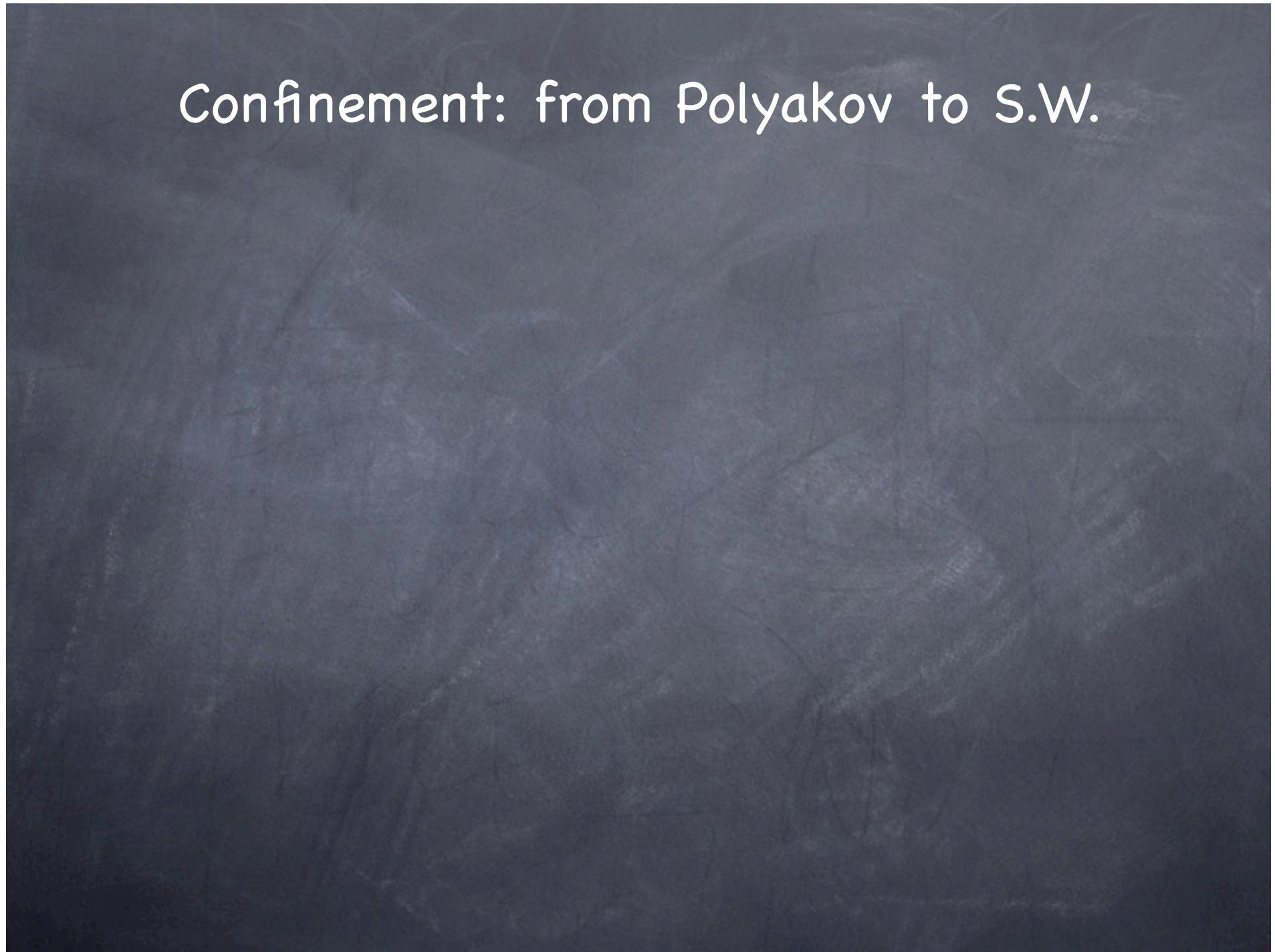
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Weak first order transition





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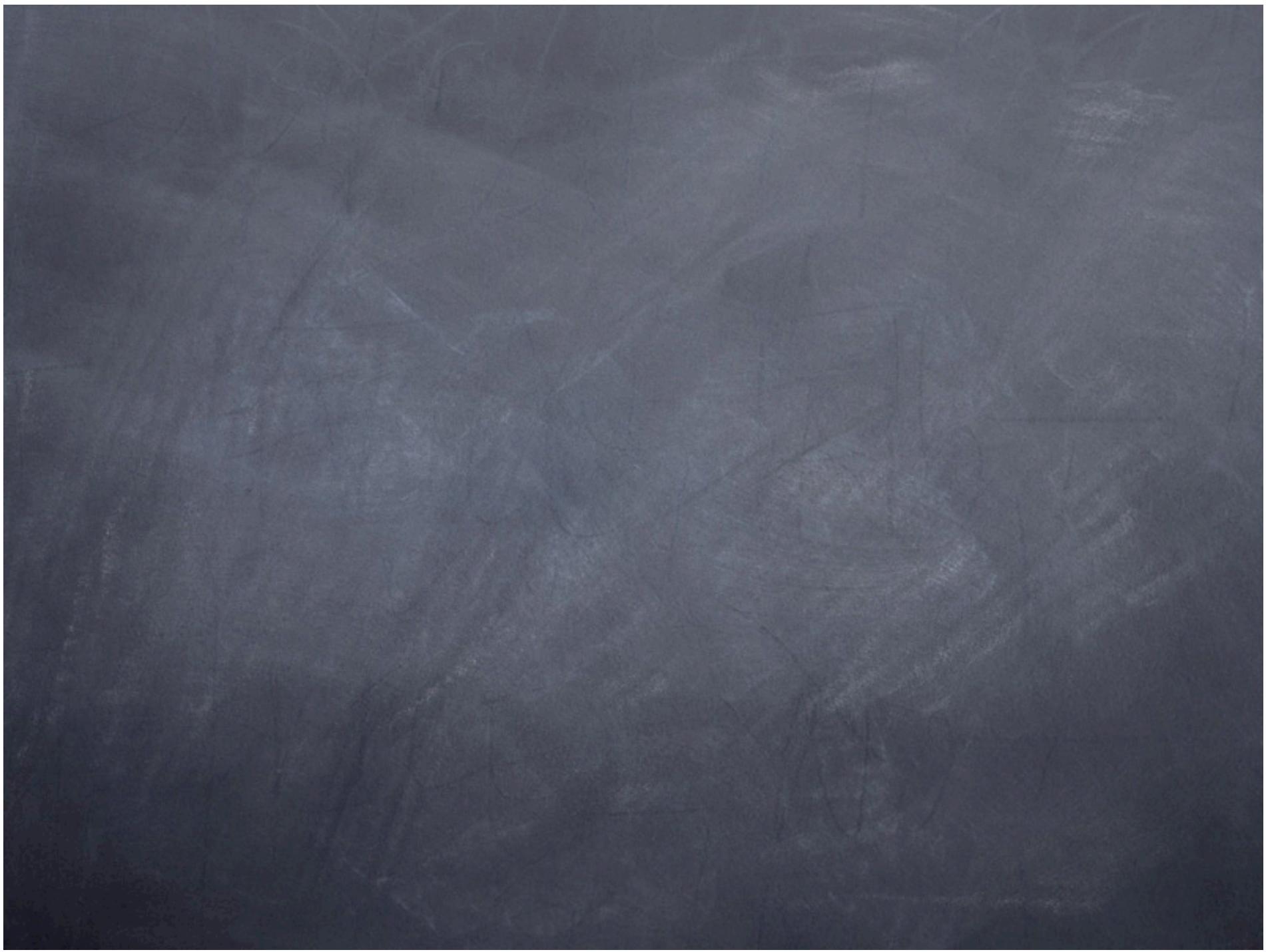
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Breaking to N=1 in the monopole region



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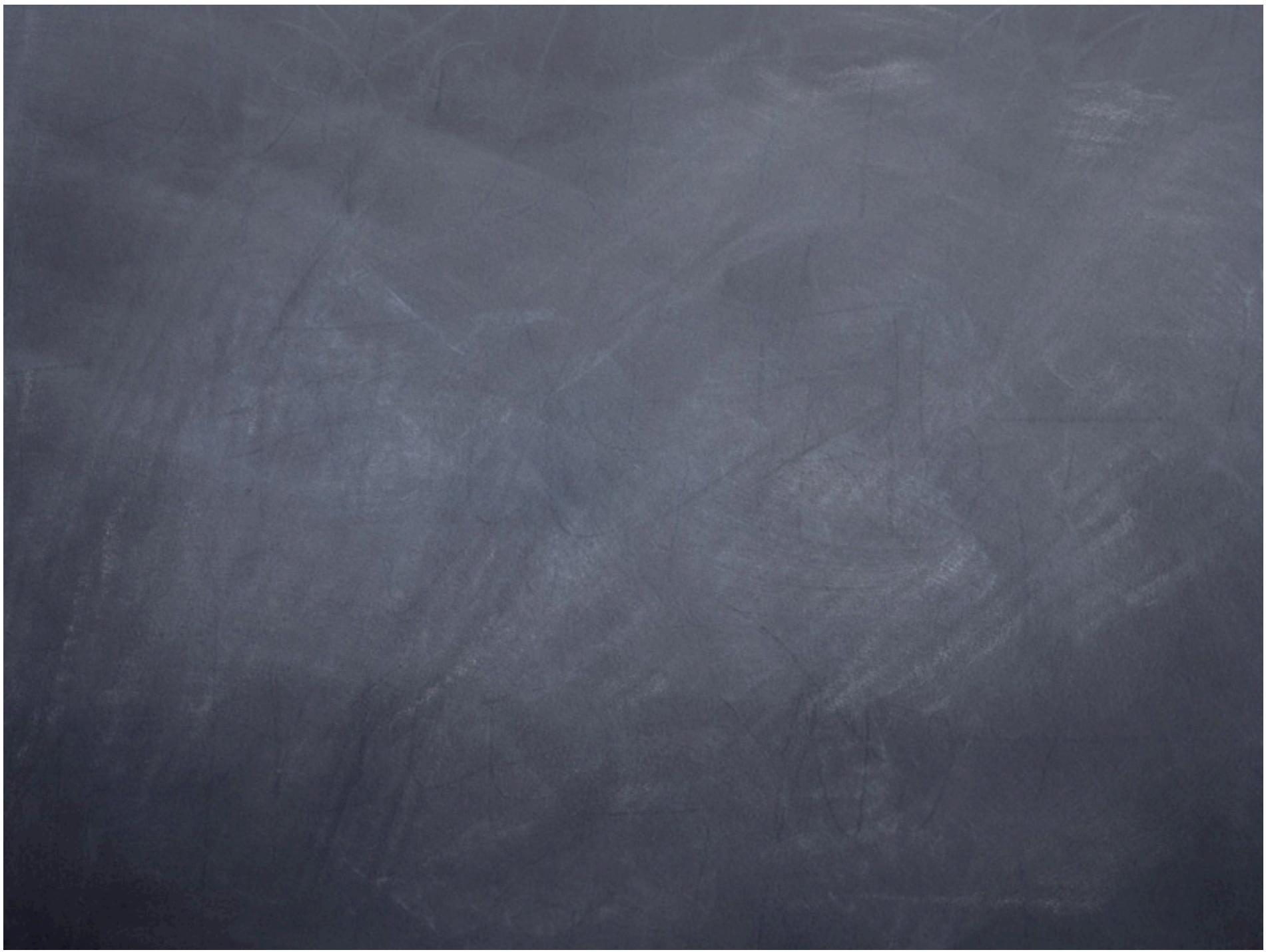
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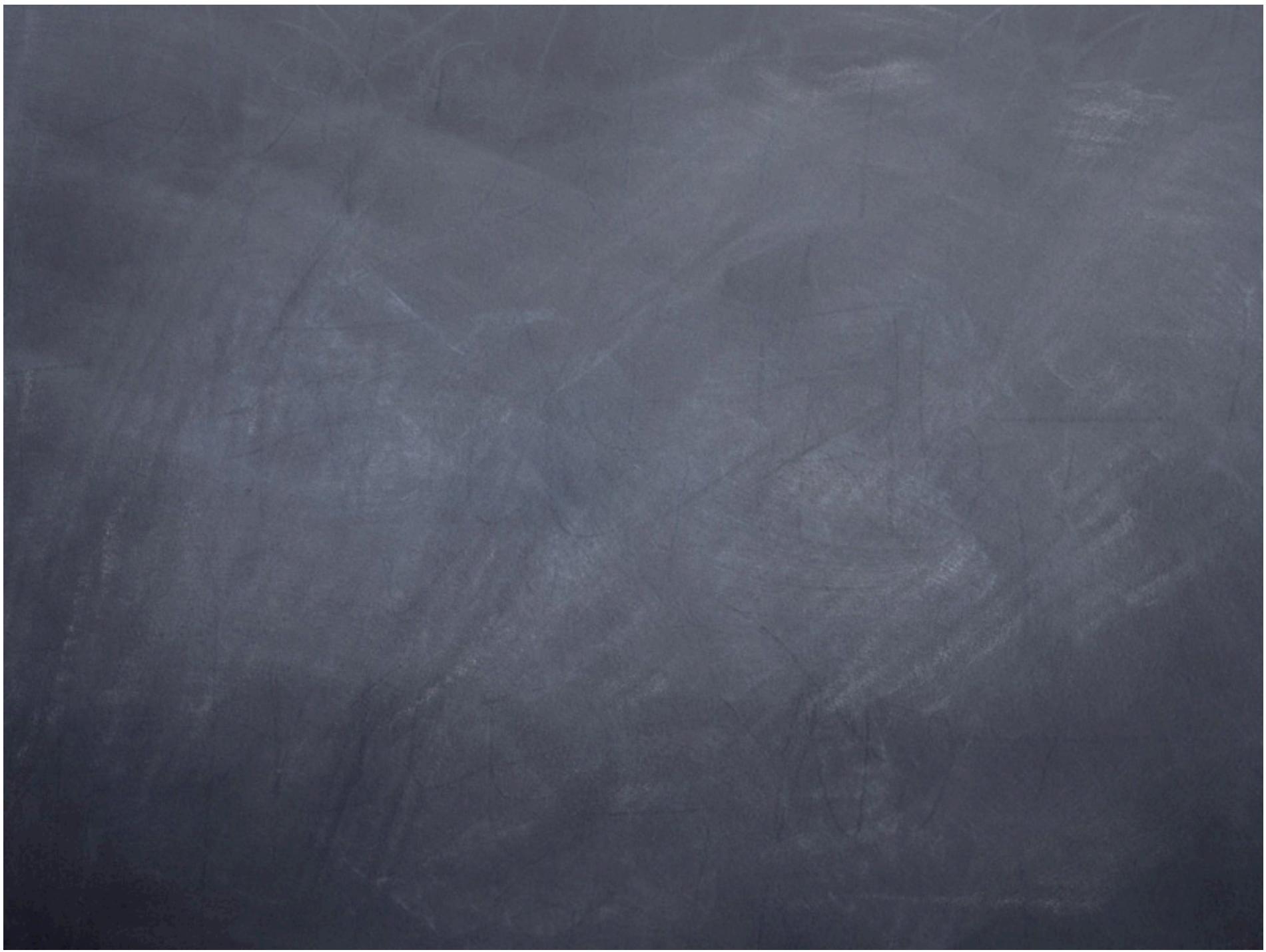
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$$M^2 \equiv -\frac{\alpha}{b_{11}} \qquad g_D = \frac{1}{\sqrt{b_{11}}}, \qquad \lambda = \frac{2}{b_{11}}$$



# Independent parameters

Independent parameters

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N=0

Lattice

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$$\beta_{g_D} = \frac{g_D^3}{48\pi^2}$$

$$\beta_\lambda = \frac{5\lambda^2}{16\pi^2} - \frac{3\lambda g_D^2}{4\pi^2} + \frac{3g_D^4}{2\pi^2}$$

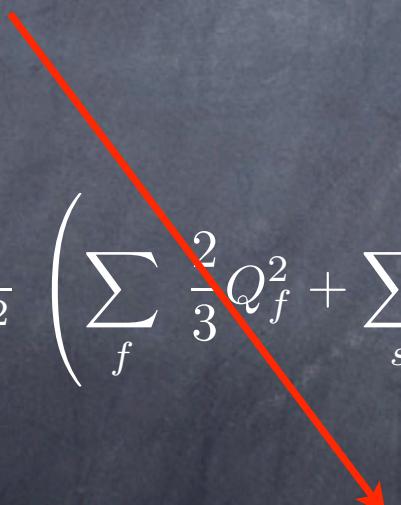
$$\gamma_m = -\frac{3g_D^2}{8\pi^2}$$

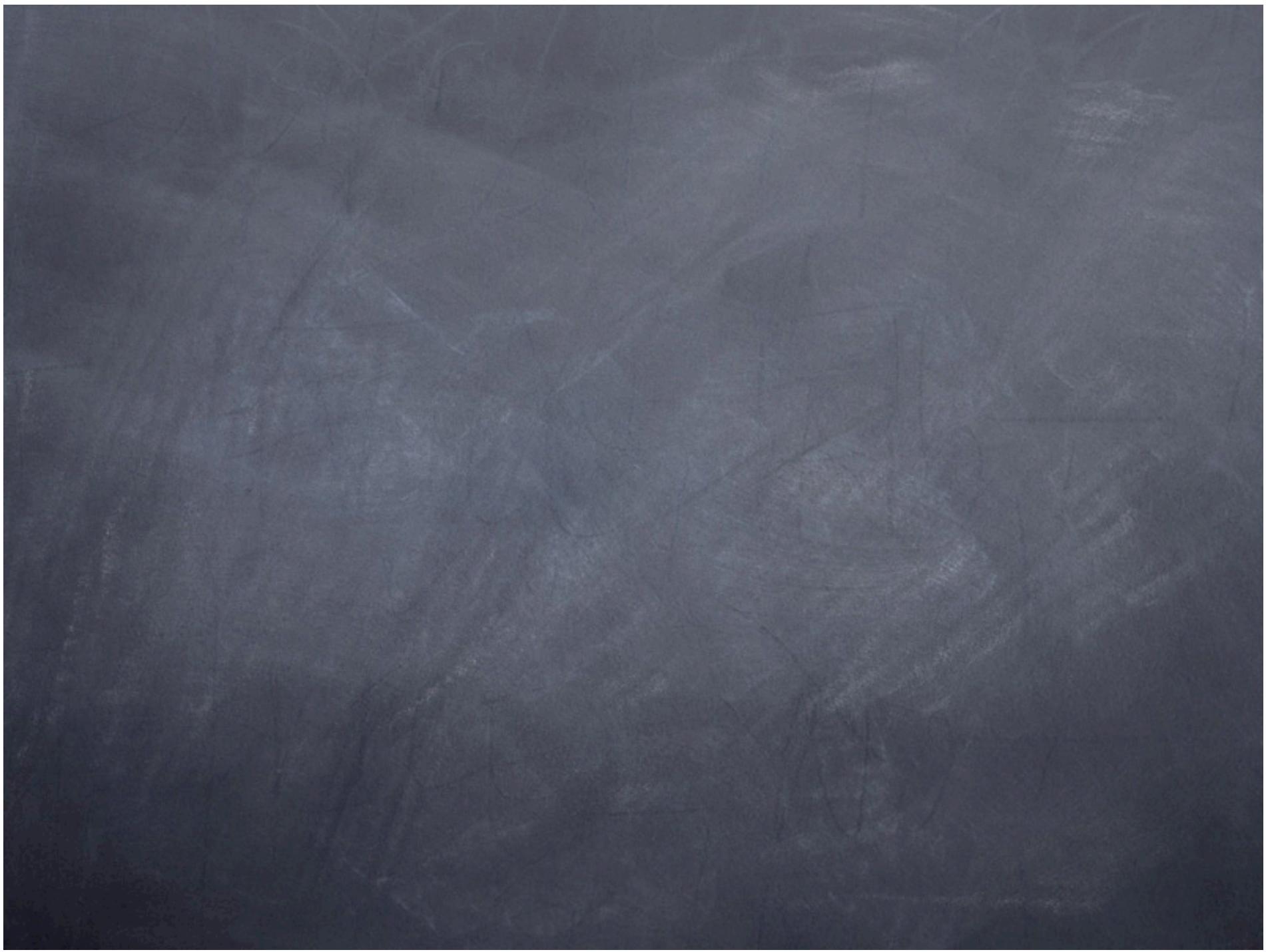
$$\gamma_M = -2 + \frac{\lambda}{8\pi^2} - \frac{3g_D^2}{8\pi^2}$$

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Lattice

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$$M_V(g_D, a_D, D_0, u) \\ = g_D \langle m \rangle + \delta M_V$$

Lattice Continuum

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Low dependence on  $D_0$

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$$M_V^{latt}(\beta) = V''(\langle m \rangle)$$
$$g_D^2 = \beta \quad M_V(g_D, a_D, D_0, u) = g_D \langle m \rangle + \delta M_V$$

Lattice Continuum

Low dependence on  $D_0$

$$\begin{cases} M_V^{latt}(\beta_1) = M_V(g_{D1}, a_D, u) \\ M_V^{latt}(\beta_2) = M_V(g_{D2}, a_D, u) \end{cases}$$

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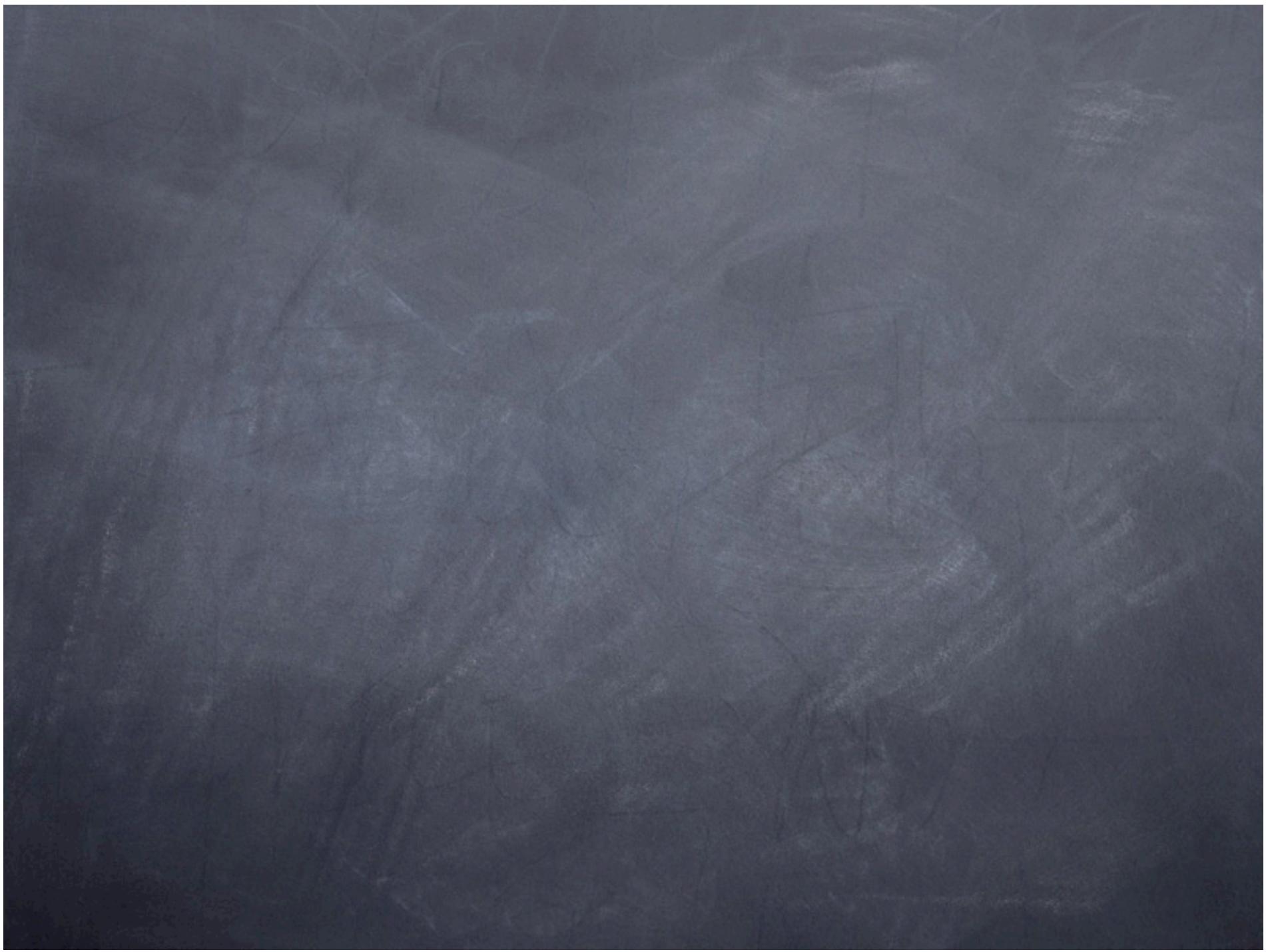
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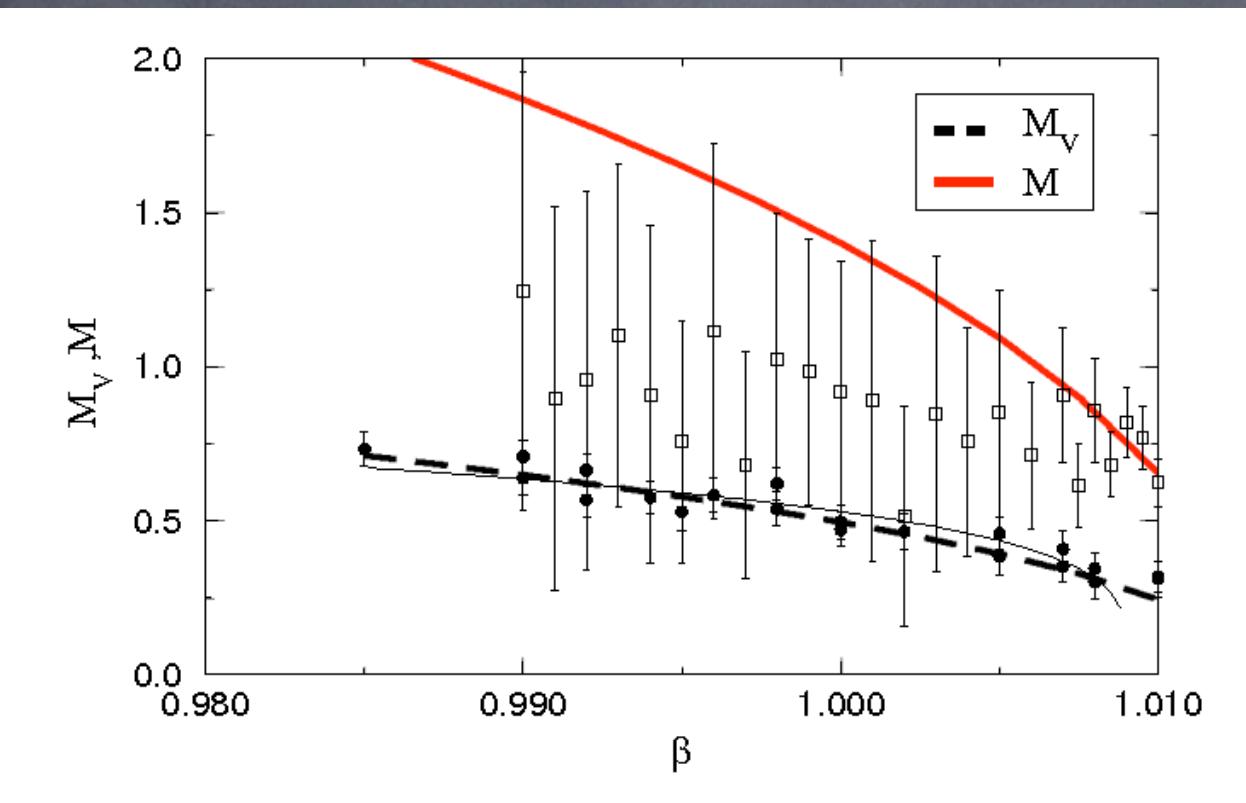
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$$\bar{a}_D, \bar{u} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} M_V^{latt}(\beta_1) = M_V(g_{D1}, a_D, u) \\ M_V^{latt}(\beta_2) = M_V(g_{D2}, a_D, u) \end{array} \right.$$



# Results

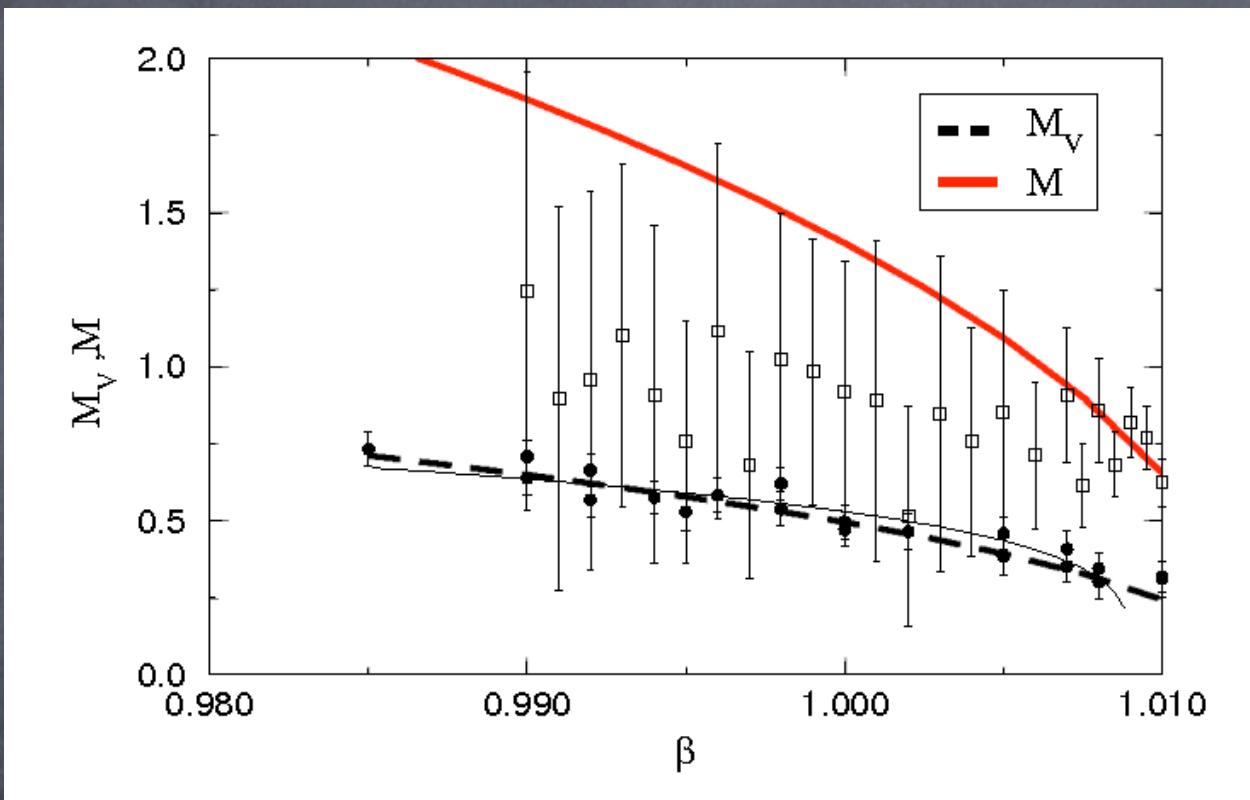
# Results



Di Giacomo, Paffuti  
Phys. Rev. D 56, 6816–68 3 (1997)

Espriu, Tagliacozzo Phys.Lett. B602  
(2004) 137-143

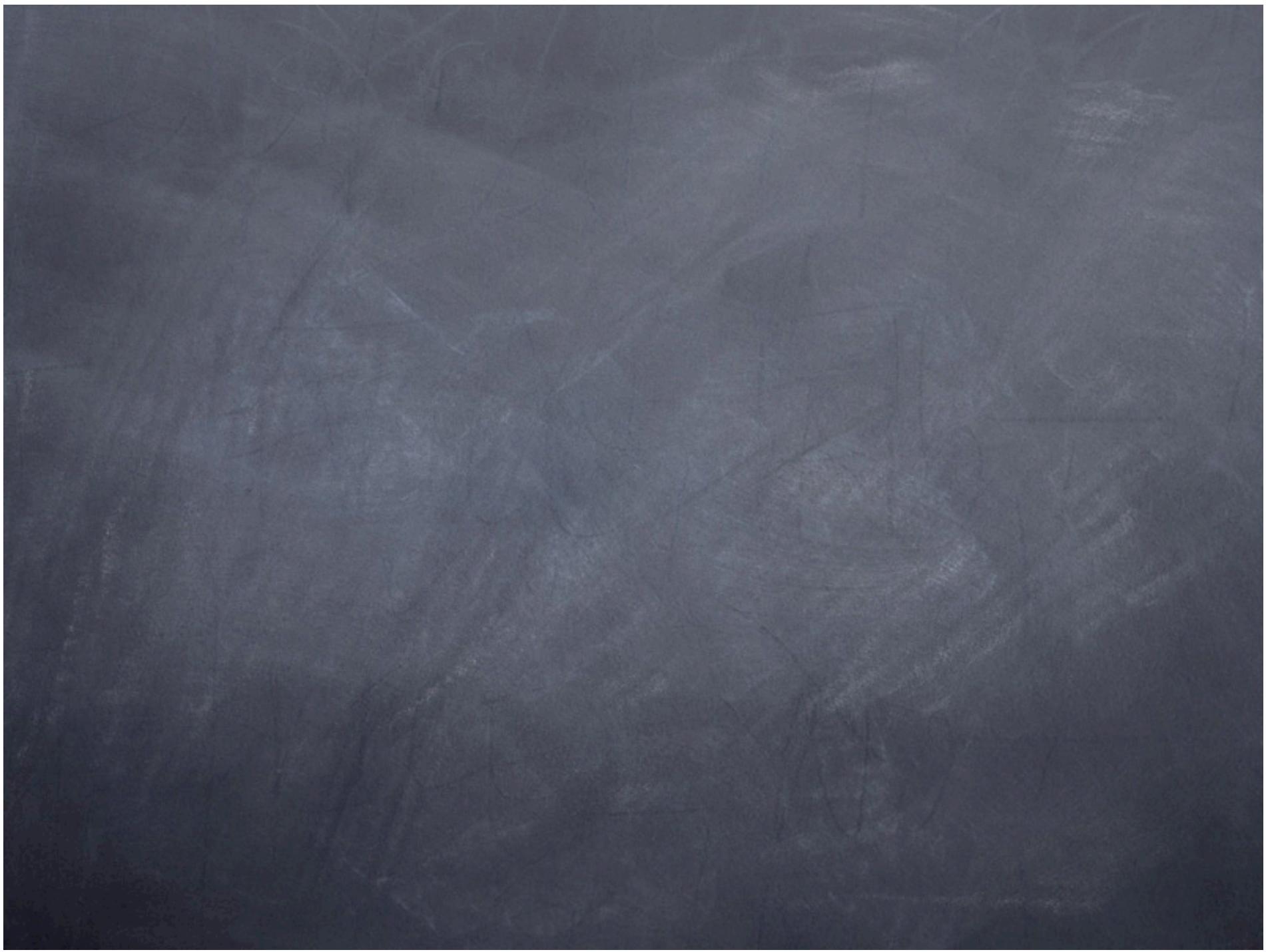
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Type II superconductor



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- ⦿ What about gauge balls?
- ⦿ How to rigorously define an EFT from a weak first order transition
- ⦿ Study of other universality classes (3D)